

Panoramic Imaging with SVAVISCA Camera - Simulations

Tomáš Pajdla

Hadas Roth

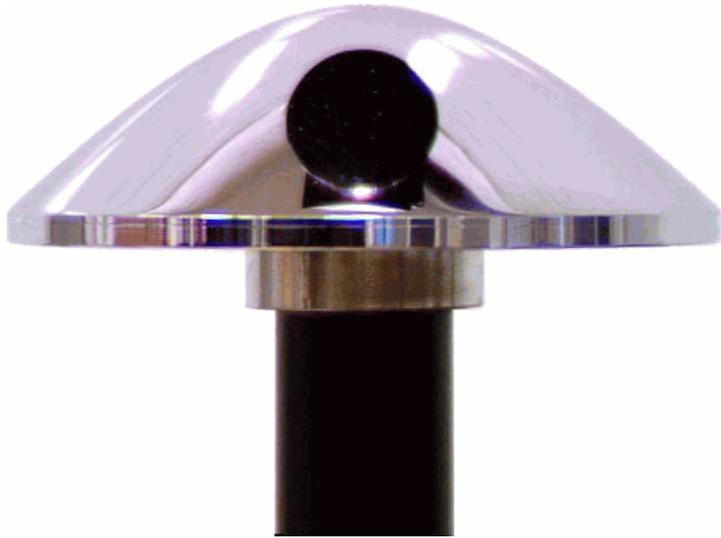
Center for Machine Perception
Czech Technical University
Czech republic
pajdla@cmp.felk.cvut.cz
<http://cmp.felk.cvut.cz>

and

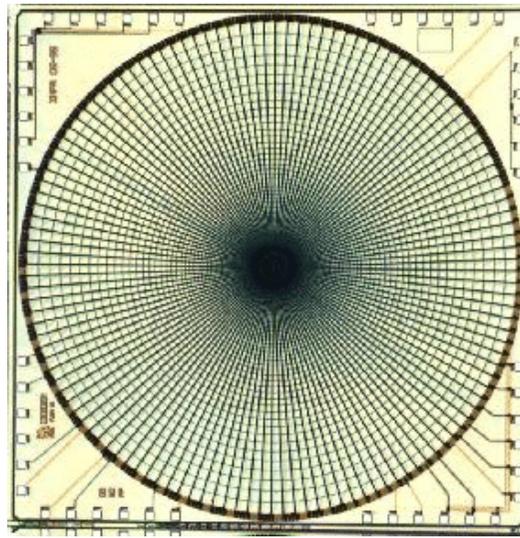
Faculty of Electrical Engineering
Technion
Israel
sharasr@techst02.technion.ac.il
<http://www.technion.ac.il>



Simulations of Panoramic Imaging with SVAVISCA Camera



Hyperbolic mirror



SVAVISCA sensor

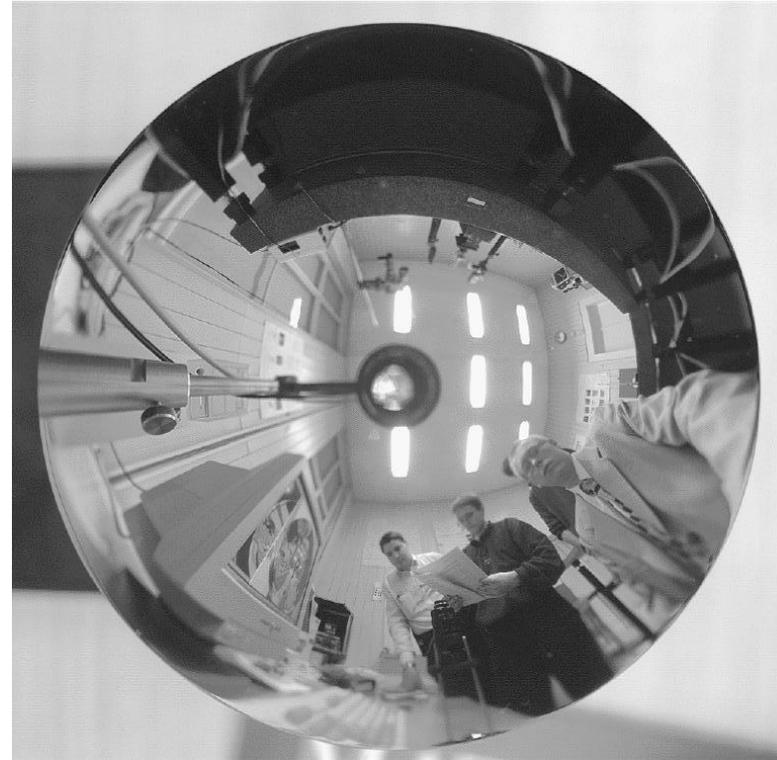


Omni-camera

Acquisition of real scenes



A hyperbolic mirror
+
a conventional CCD camera

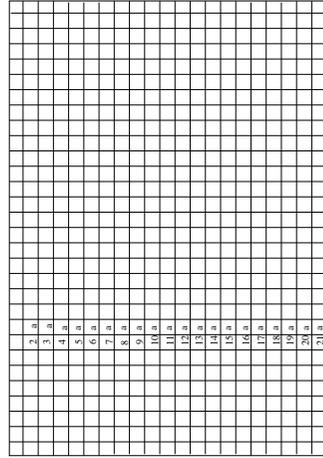


a panoramic image

Acquisition of artificial scenes



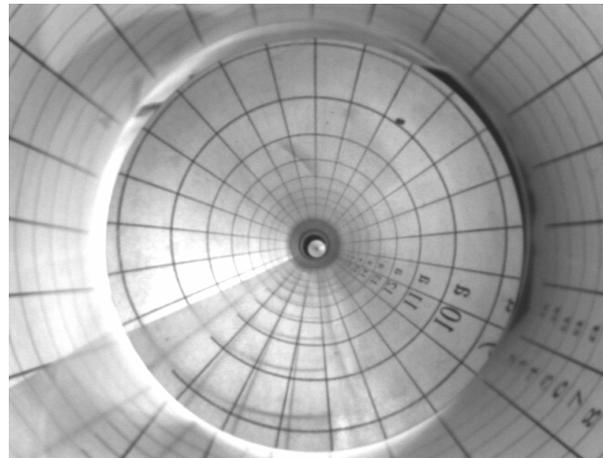
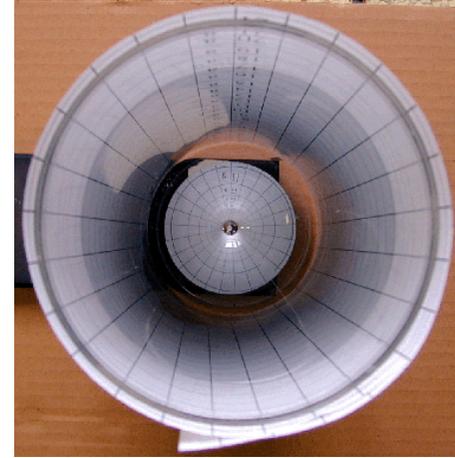
+



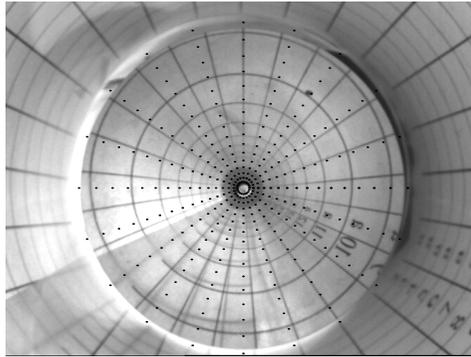
=



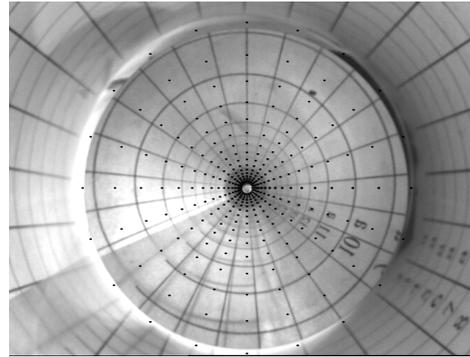
,



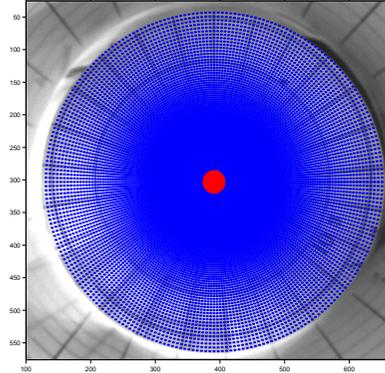
Sampling of panoramic images



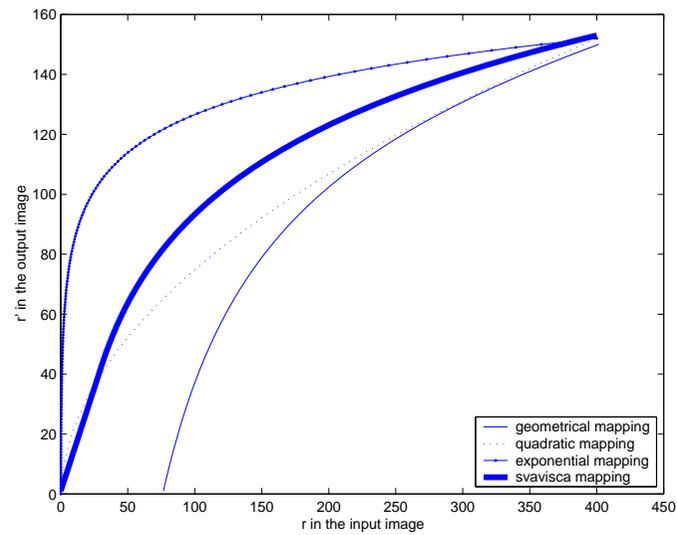
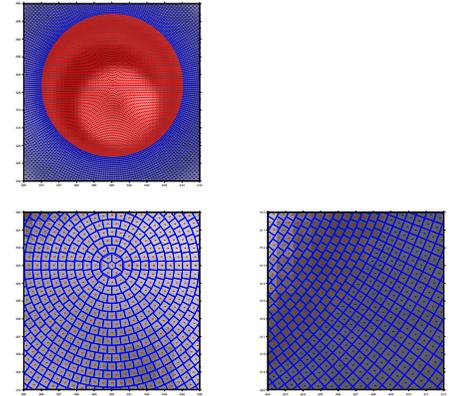
square root



logarithmic



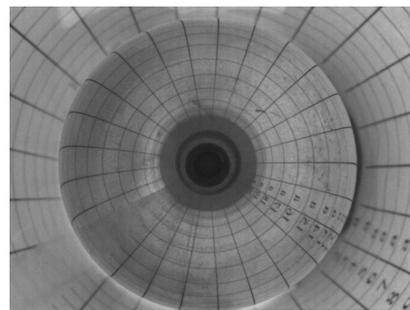
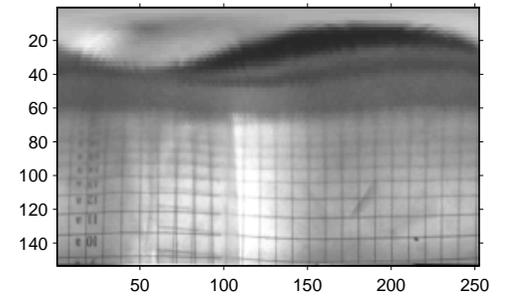
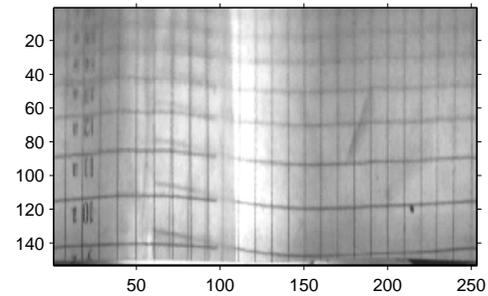
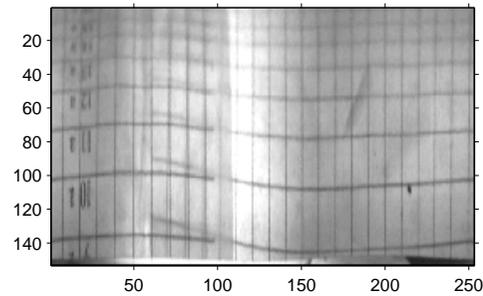
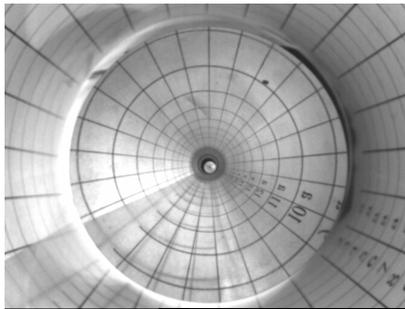
SVAVISCA



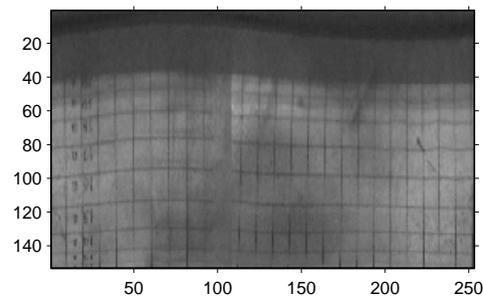
radius transformation

Resampled images of artificial scene

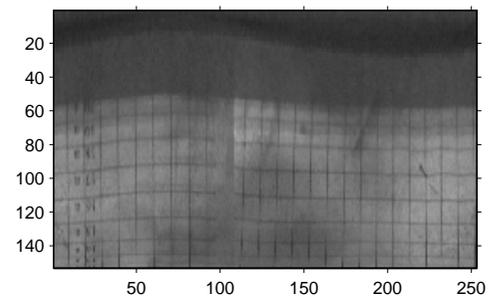
hyperb. mirror



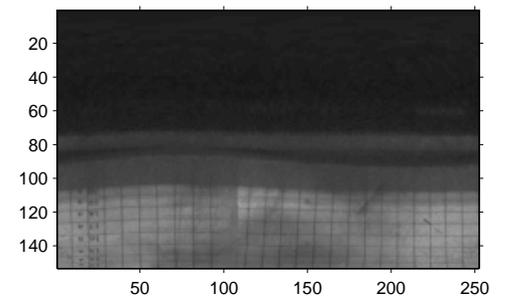
square root



logarithm



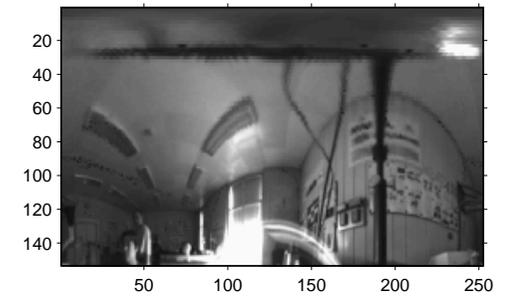
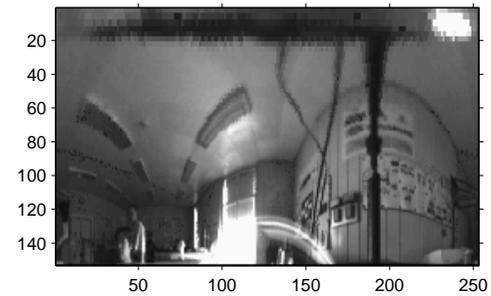
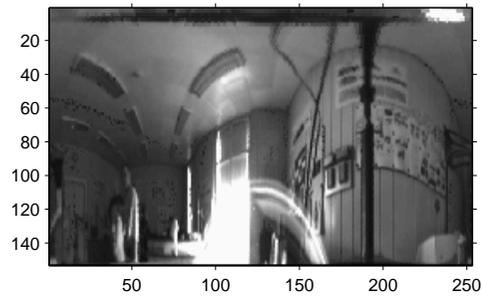
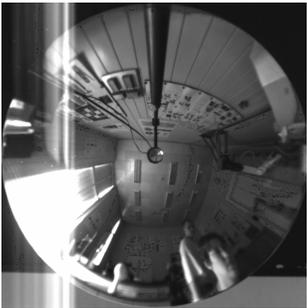
SVAVISCA



spheric. mirror

Resampled images of real scene

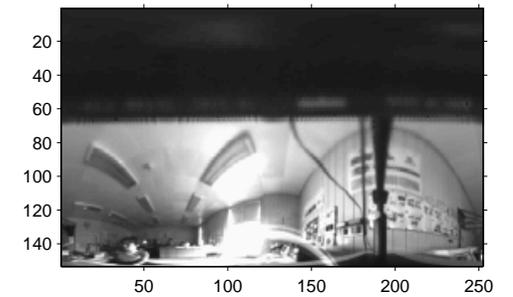
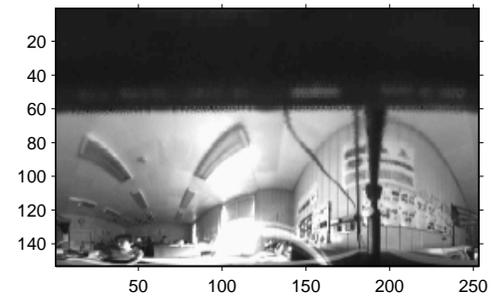
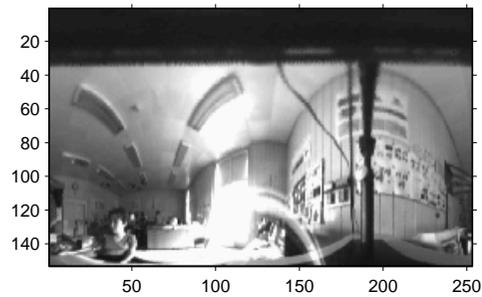
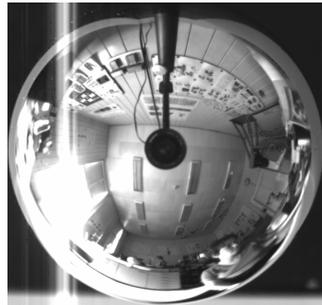
hyperb. mirror



square root

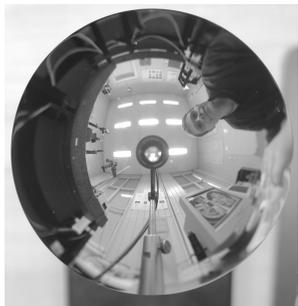
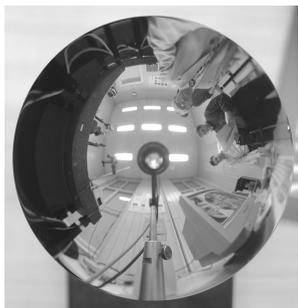
logarithm

SVAVISCA

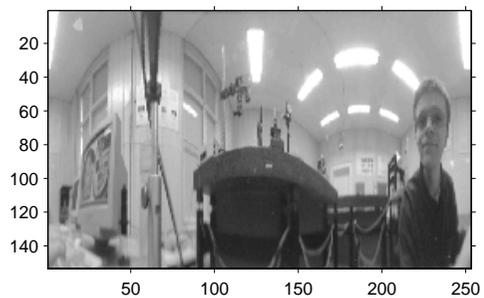
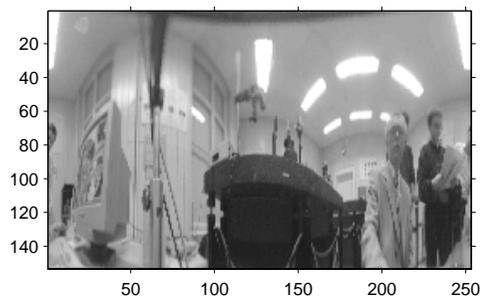


spheric. mirror

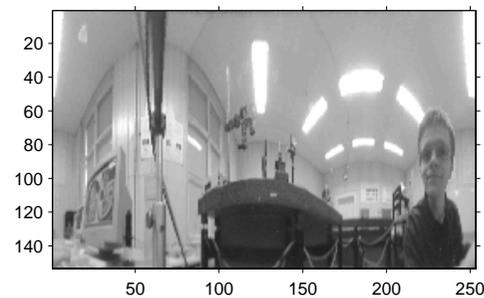
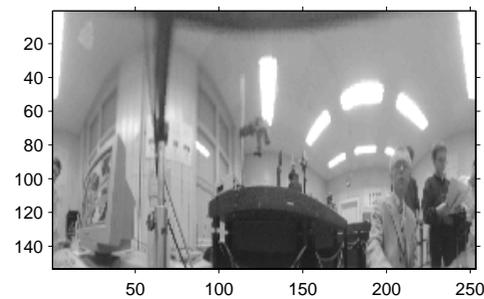
hyperb. mirror



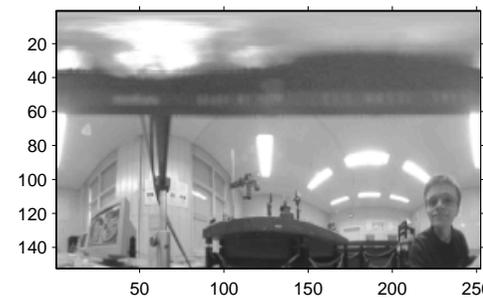
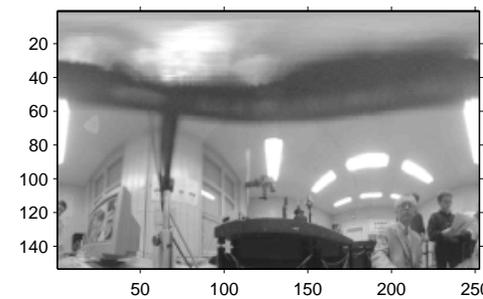
square root



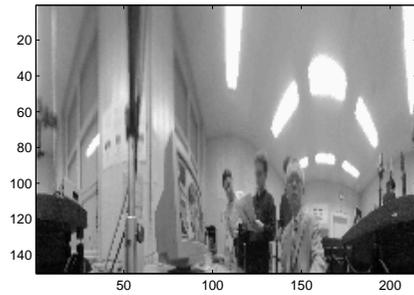
logarithm



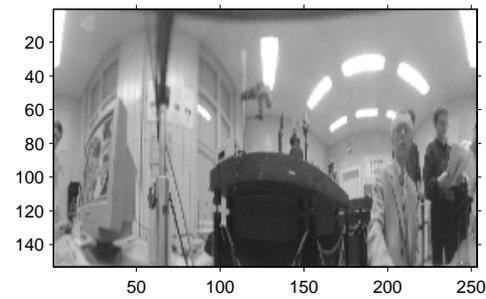
SVAVISCA



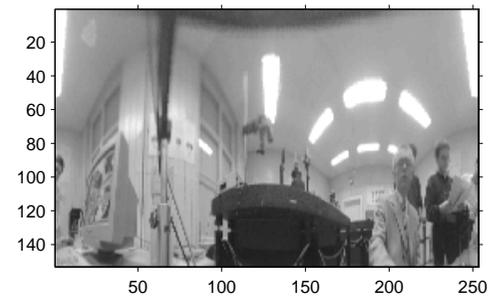
geom. correct



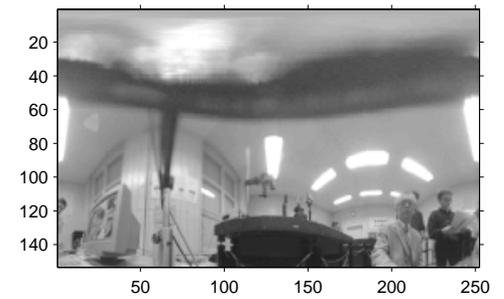
square root



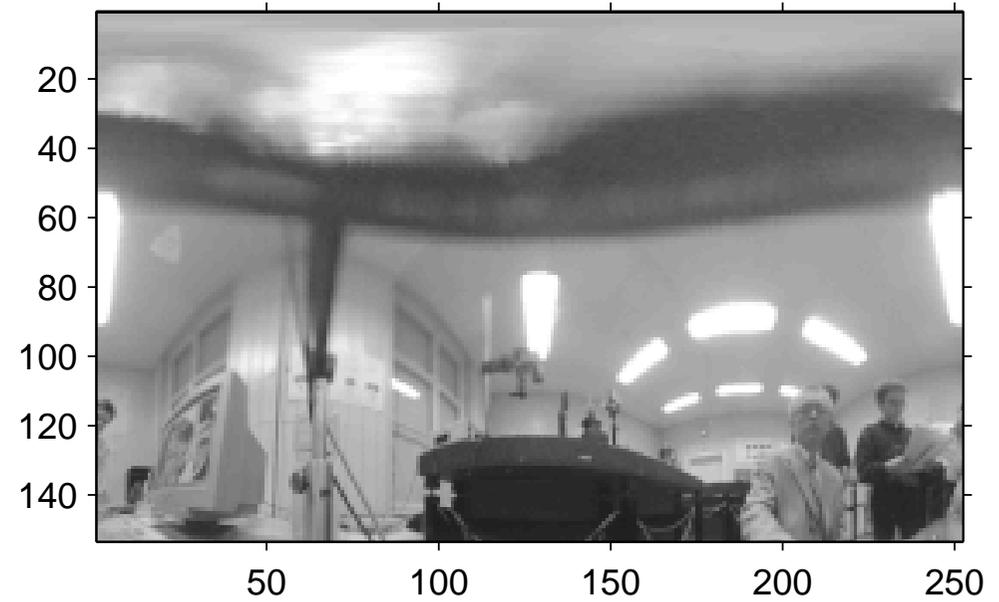
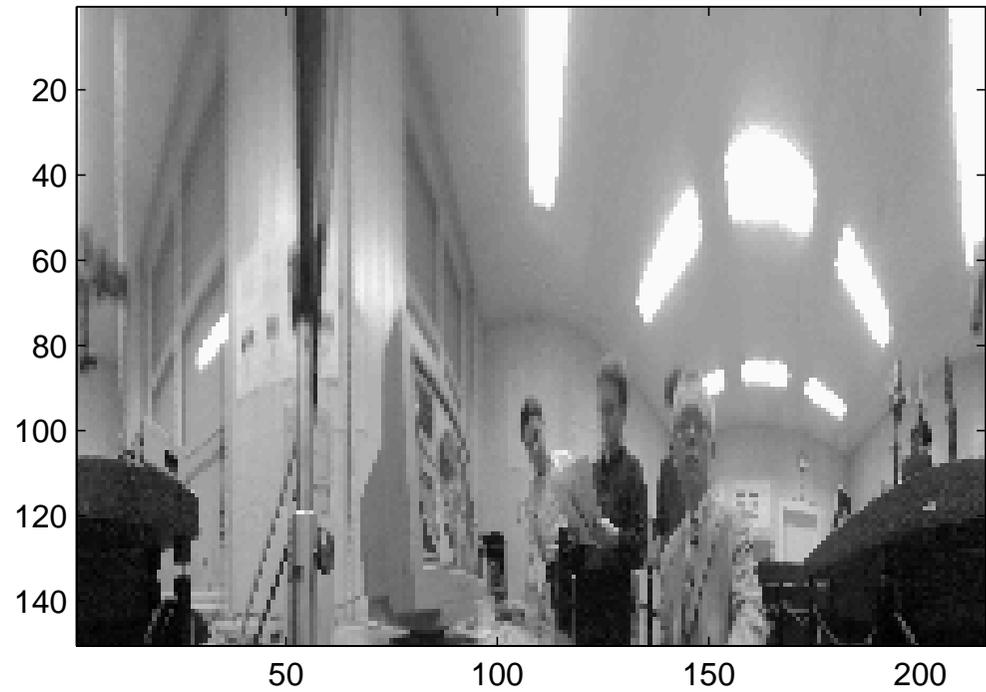
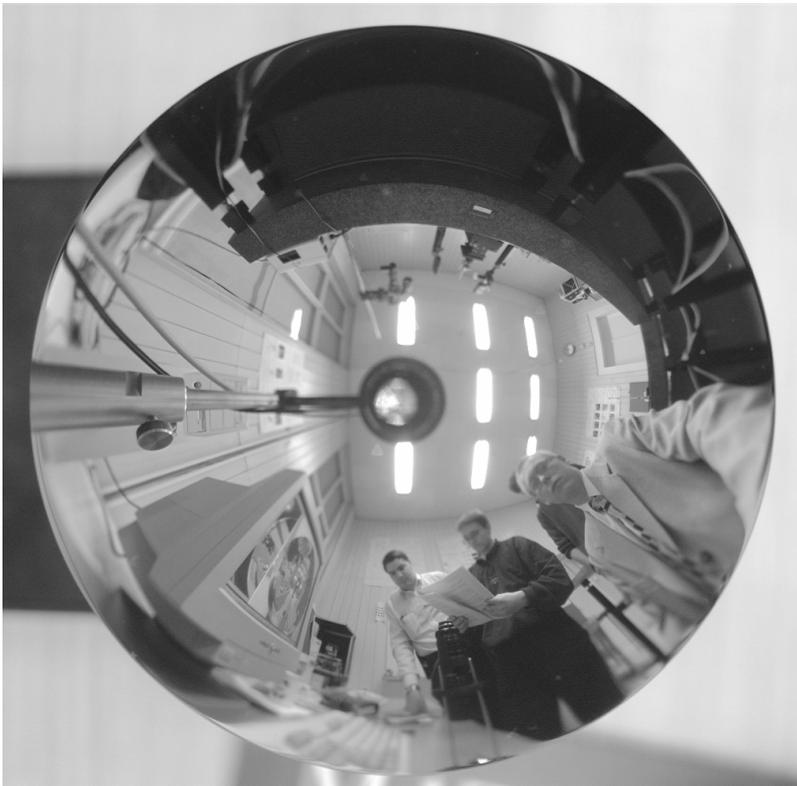
logarithm



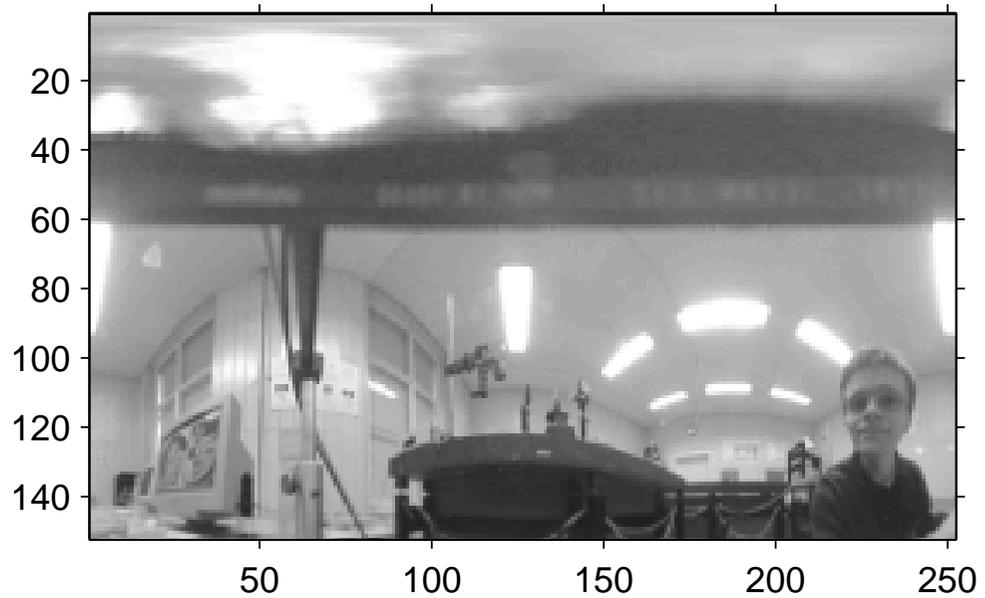
SVAVISCA



Resampled images of real scene - geometrical + SVAVISCA



Resampled images of real scene - SVAVISCA



Mirror design

1. The mirror occupies only a small part of the image
- not bigger than the fovea!
2. Constant angular resolution!
3. ?????????? radial resolution!
4. Experiment with the SVAVISCA camera and the existing mirrors must be done before doing the design!

Applications

1. Low resolution virtual tele-presence cameras possible!
2. Image based orientation of mobile robots possible!
3. Motion detection for surveillance possible!